

1. [Separate And Not Equal](#)

After Reconstruction, segregation increased. Scroll through these photos, and name two of the locations shown where blacks and whites were given separate facilities.

2. [Plessy vs. Ferguson](#)

In 1896, the Supreme Court decided that "separate but equal" facilities for blacks and whites were legal. What was the full name of the black man who filed the lawsuit?

3. [A Poet's Plea for Civil Rights](#)

Black Poet Paul Lawrence Dunbar wrote this powerful poem about how some African Americans adapted to the racism they lived with each day. What is the poem's title? The mask he refers to in the poem is a metaphor for what?

Title:	Metaphor Answer:

4. [W.E.B. DuBois Fights Back!](#)

W.E.B. DuBois was a founding member of the oldest and largest civil rights organization in America. What were the initials for that organization?

5. [Shattering Baseball's Color Barrier](#)

Hank Aaron wrote this glowing tribute to one of his heroes, Jackie Robinson. Hank saw Jackie play baseball in 1948. What formerly all-white team did Jackie play for?

6. [Ending Segregation in the Armed Forces](#)

In 1948, a U.S. President signed the order to end segregation in the armed forces? Read Bill Clinton's speech and find out which President signed that order.

7. [The Supreme Court Overturns Plessy v. Ferguson!](#)

In 1954, the Supreme Court ruled that the "separate but equal" doctrine in Plessy was unfair. Who was the NAACP lawyer in the Brown v. Board of Education case?

8. [The "Mother" of the Civil Rights Movement](#)

Here's a photo gallery about Rosa Parks. Click on several of the photos to enlarge them. Name one other famous civil rights figure who appears in a photo with Rosa.

9. [Students Sit down for Freedom!](#)

Here's a civil rights timeline. On February 1, 1960, an important protest against segregation took place. What North Carolina city was the site of these lunch counter sit-ins?

10. [Fighting Racism in the South](#)

Here's a photo gallery of the civil rights struggle in the South (click on the words above and below to see more pictures). In which two states were most of the photos taken?

11. [Bombs, Firehoses, and Police Dogs](#)

These photos show that the civil rights movement endured bombings, deaths, and assaults by attack dogs and fire hoses. In what city did the events pictured take place?

12. [Birmingham Remembers...](#)

The Birmingham Civil Rights Institute is preserving memories of those involved in the movement by recording their interviews. What is the name for this type of history?

13. [LBJ Acts on Civil Rights](#)

The Constitution empowers the President to submit proposed legislation to Congress for consideration. President Johnson pushed for the passage of two important civil rights laws, the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the ? of 1965.
